



Development and Validation of an RP-HPLC Method for the Determination of Rifapentine in Bulk and Pharmaceutical Dosage Form

Pasupati Nath Tiwari^{1*}, Ayesha Rehman¹, C. Sreedhar¹, Zinnat Akhtar Jahan², Raju Kundavaram², Indrani Bhattacharyya², Radheshyam Pal², Sumel Ashique², Rimpa Jana³, Shubneesh Kumar⁴, Krishnendu Adhikary⁵, Rajkumar Maiti⁶ and Prithviraj Karak⁶

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ABSTRACT

Background: A RP high performance LC scheme was settled for assessment of Rifapentine in matter then pharmaceutical prescription form that is modest, specific, truthful and delicate to be castoff in repetitive daily analysis.

Aim of the Study: To advance a modest, specific, truthful and delicate RP-HPLC scheme for Rifapentine in pharmaceutical prescription form then in matter.

Materials and Methods: For HPLC scheme a blend of 10 millimole buffer of pH 3 of Potassium -DHP then methanol in the fraction of 65:35 (v/v) % turns as the mobile stage. A working calibre solution of measure 30 µg/ml was castoff. A XBridge™ C18 column 5 µ (250 mm × 4.6 mm) was castoff for the inquiry at a flow frequency of 1 ml/min, shot volume of 20 µl, run spell of 8 minutes then detection wavelength of 231 nm. Retention time was found to be 2.49±0.1. The scheme was legalized for abundant constraint corresponding precision, linearity, accuracy etc., as per ICH strategies.

Results and Conclusion: The stats of relative standard deviation then % recovery was pleasing, telltale that the projected scheme is precise then accurate besides henceforth can be castoff for the repetitive inquiry of Rifapentine in pharmaceutical prescription form and matter.

Keywords: Rifapentine, RP-HPLC, scheme development, validation, LOD, LOQ

¹Karnataka College of Pharmacy, 33/2, Thanisandra Main Road, Chokkanahalli, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560 064, India

²Department of Pharmaceutical Science, Pandaveswar School of Pharmacy, Pandaveswar, West Bengal - 713 378, India

³Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Flemming College of Pharmacy, Mouza Beralia, Balarampur, Kolkata - 700 144, West Bengal, India

⁴Department of Pharmaceutics, Bharat Institute of Technology, School of Pharmacy, Meerut, Uttar Pradesh - 250 103, India

⁵Department of Interdisciplinary Science, MS Swaminathan School of Agriculture, Centurion University of Technology and Management, Odisha -761 211, India

⁶Department of Physiology, Bankura Christian College, Bankura - 722 101, West Bengal, India

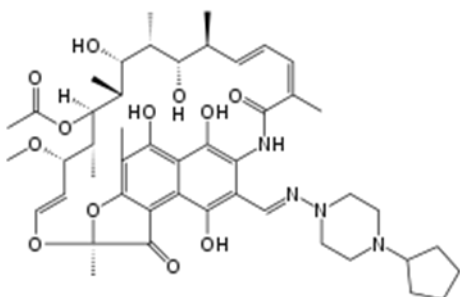
*Corresponding author: pasupatipharma29@gmail.com

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INTRODUCTION

Rifapentine is a Rifamycin anti-biotic that is equivalent in assembly and bustle to Rifampin then Rifabutin too that is castoff in blend with other representatives as remedy of TB, predominantly in once otherwise double-hebdomadally regimes. Rifapentine is allied with fleeting then symptomless boosts in serum aminotransferase then is a likely root of clinically ostensible acute liver hurt ^[1,2]. Rifapentine is an anti-biotic remedy castoff in the handling of TB. It obstructs DNA-reliant RNA polymerase bustle in liable cells. Explicitly, it intermingles with infective RNA polymerase but does not obstruct the mammalian enzyme. The anti-infectious gamut of Rifapentine bear a resemblance to that of Rifampin, which has superior therapeutic worth contrary to *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* then *Mycobacterium leproli* investigational contagion ^[3,4]. The remedy has a plus of 5 time's longer half-lifecycle equated to rifampicin and it is indorsed for practice in sporadic cure ^[5]. The gist of the present work was to launch sensitive then accurate systems for the advance and authentication of investigative schemes for assessment of Rifapentine in matter then pharmaceutical prescription form.

Rifapentine ^[6-8]



Drug approval process

- It was initially approved in June 1998 for the handling of pulmonic tuberculosis
- The supplement was approved in November 2014 by US FDA
- It was approved by European Medicines Agency (EMA) in 2010
- In India, CDSCO approved in 2019

IUPAC Name: 3{[(4-cyclopentyl-1-piperazinyl) imino] methyl} rifamycin

Molecular recipe: C₄₇H₆₄N₄O₁₂

Molecular weight: 877.031 g/mole

Solubility: Soluble in water; 1 mg/ml chloroform>methanol>ethanol>acetone

Route of administration: By oral

pKa value: 7.98

Melting point: 179 to 180 °C (354 to 356 °F)

Category: Anti tuberculosis drug

Mechanism of action

Like supplementary Rifamycin, Rifapentine obstructs infective DNA-reliant RNA polymerase. Rifamycin are inimitable treatments which work by this machinery by hang-up of RNA polymerase even when catalyst acquaintance to the remedy is ephemeral in metabolically latent creatures; thus, it has an implication for the practice of these remedies in the dealing of latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI).

The MIC of Rifapentine is ~0.02 µg/ml. Commonness of Rifapentine-resilient creatures is allied with spontaneous metamorphoses in a liable populace of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* strains is ~1 in 10⁷–10⁸ bacilli. When uncovered to a single drug confrontation has been settled speedily. The advance of confrontation to rifampin then protracted to Rifapentine has given its ample cross-confrontation to rifampin, which is habitually ascribable to a single base-pair transmutation in the β sub-section of the RNA polymerase hereditary influence (rpoB). Therefore, when dealing active tuberculosis bug Rifamycin should only be castoff in amalgamation with supplementary preparations ^[9].

METHODS

HPLC methodology

Collection of reagents and solvents

Rifapentine is a tablet prescription arrangement each encompasses 150 mg of Rifapentine. HPLC grade methanol (Merck), Analytical rating Potassium di-hydrogen phosphate buffer was castoff as the solvents through the testing. Pharmaceutical construction Rifapentine tablet (Label right encompass 150 mg) was castoff in HPLC investigation. HPLC rating water attained by consuming Direct-Q water refinement arrangement (Millipore, Milford, USA) was castoff in HPLC learning.

Apparatus and software system

The Agilent 1120 Compact LC HPLC arrangement entailing of gradient pump (LC-10AT vp pump) (4MPa or 40barr), rheodyne injector, UV adjustable wavelength finder, Standard cell then Agilent syringe was castoff. The partings were accomplished on Agilent Eclipse plus C18 column (5 µm 4.6×150 mm), column extent is 25 cm with UV recognition at 231 nm. Analytical weighing balance (Shimadzu AUX 220) was castoff for weighing, sonicator (EQUITRON230VAC, 50Hz), vacuum pump (SUPER FIT), filtration gear (TARSONS) then nylon crust filter (Merck Millipore) for solvents then taster filtration was castoff through the testing. Duple beam UV-Visible spectro-exposure meter (SHIMADZU-UV 1700) was castoff for wavelength uncovering. The EZ Chrome Elite software-duple channel was castoff for attainment, estimation and stowage of chromatographic facts ^[10].

Chromatography

After abundant hearings with the diverse amalgamation and fraction of solvents, the mobile segment Potassium di-hydrogen phosphate buffer pH 3: methanol (65:35 v/v) retaining time (Rt) 2.49 minutes for Rifapentine. Wavelength was nominated by scanning the pure preparation over an eclectic assortment of wavelength 200 nm to 400 nm. The constituent confirmations judiciously good retort and supreme peak at 231 nm ^[11].

Preparation of mobile phase

The buffer solution was organized by liquefying 1.3608 g of Pot. Dihydrogen phosphate buffer in 1L HPLC rating aquatic (10 mm). The consequential solution pH was accustomed 3.0 by consuming HPLC rating orthophosphoric acid, HPLC tryouts were supported out viabinary pump A comprehending phosphate buffer then pump B holding methanol ^[12].

Standard solutions for HPLC assessment of Rifapentine

A tablet is pulverized which comprehend 50 mg of active part is relocated into 50 ml of volumetric flagon besides is liquefied in methanol (HPLC rating) capacity were ended up to the spot with equivalent solvent. This furnished the concentration of 100 cg/ml of Rifapentine (Stock-1). Further thinning 1 ml in 10 ml methanol in volumetric flagon gives 100 µg/ml (Stock-2). From stock solution 2, VI thinning was arranged amid 30-80 µg/ml which is working concentration ^[13].

Calibration

The standardization curvature was contrived with VI concentrations of the standard preparation solution 30-80 µg/ml then chromatography was repetitive VI times for each thinning. The linearity was estimated by linear regression investigation. Before inserting solutions, the column was equilibrated for at best 30 minutes with the mobile segment flowing over the arrangement. VII determinations were finished for separately solution, peak zones were documented for all the solutions. All stock then occupied solutions were sonicated for 15 minutes then separated over the nylon crust filter (0.22 µ) prior to practice. 20 µl shots were ended for separately concentration then chromatographed VI times under definite form at ambient temp. (25⁰C). The correlation map was erected by plotting the peak extents attained at the optimal wavelength of finding v/s the injected quantities of the separate concentrations ^[14].

Drug sample

Commercially accessible Rifapentine tablets (150 mg) were secured from local druggist's, industrial by Sanofi Laboratories Ltd.

Active pharmaceutical ingredient

Rifapentine was attained as gift trial from Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Aurangabad, India.

Chromatographic conditions

XBridge™ C18 column 5 μ (250 mm × 4.6 mm) was castoff for the investigation. The flow frequency was set at 1000 microliter/min with a run stretch of 8 minutes. The shot capacity was 20 μl. The sensor was set at a wavelength of 231 nm [15].

RESULTS

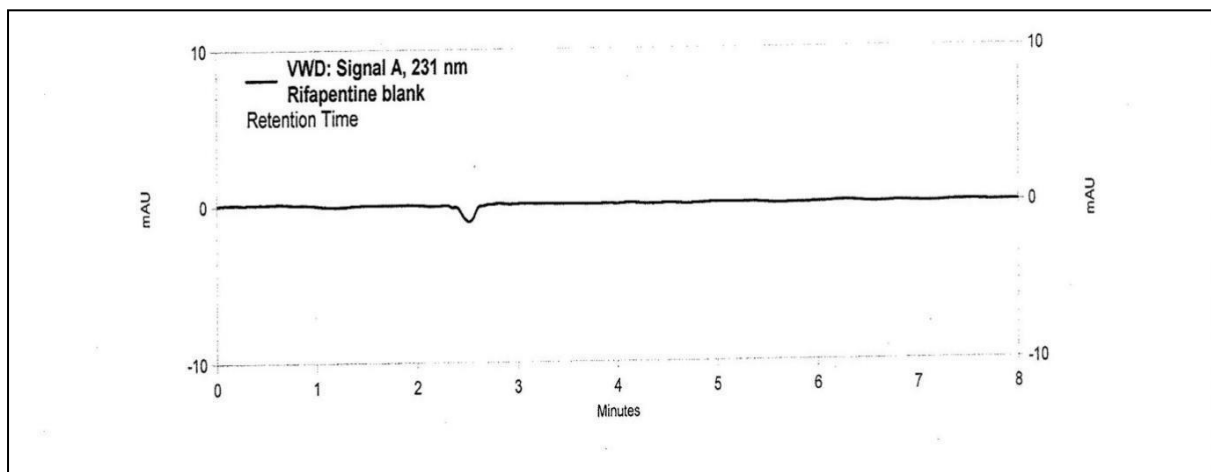


Figure 1: Chromatogram of blank.

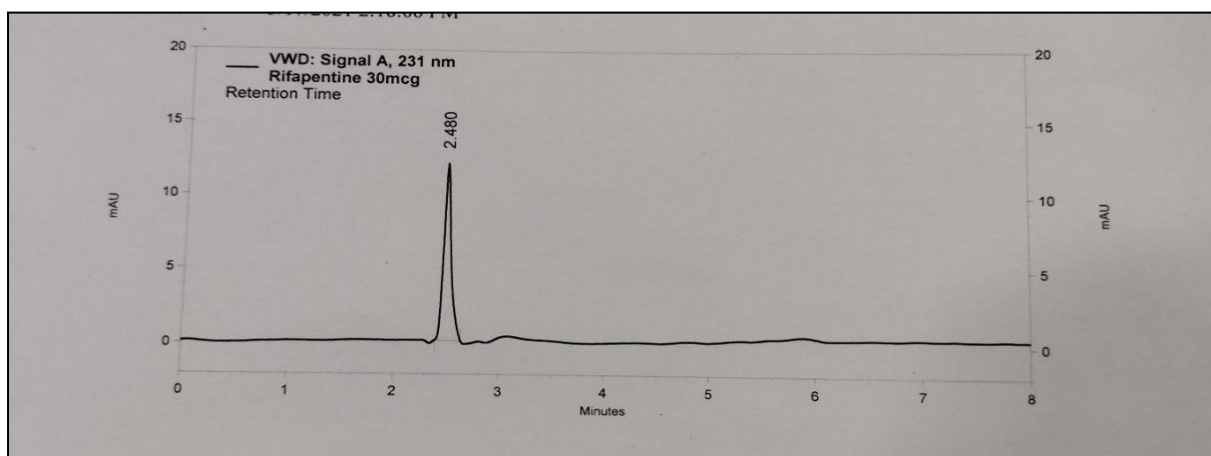


Figure 2: Chromatogram for Rifapentine 30 μ/ml

Table 1: System suitability testing (Rifapentine 30 μg/ml)

Theoretical Plates (USP)	Capacity aspect	Asymmetry (Tailing aspect)	S/N (6σ)
6127	0.00134	1.56645	129.327827

Linearity then range

By consuming the occupied standard, aliquot part of 30 μg/ml, 40 μg/ml, 50 μg/ml, 60 μg/ml, 70 μg/ml, 80 μg/ml, were arranged with methanol. VI thinning of each of the above-declared concentrations were arranged disjointedly then from these VI thinning, 20 μl of individually concentration were give a shot into the HPLC arrangement. Then their chromatogram was documented. Peak zones were documented for all the summits then a standard standardization curvature of peak zone contrary to concentration was contrived.

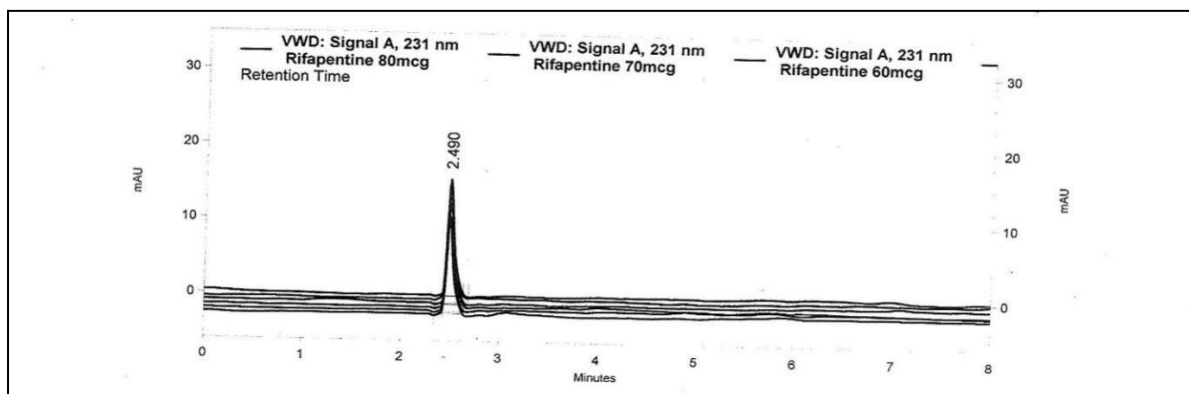


Figure 3: Linearity Chromatogram 30 mcg/ml to 80 mcg/ml

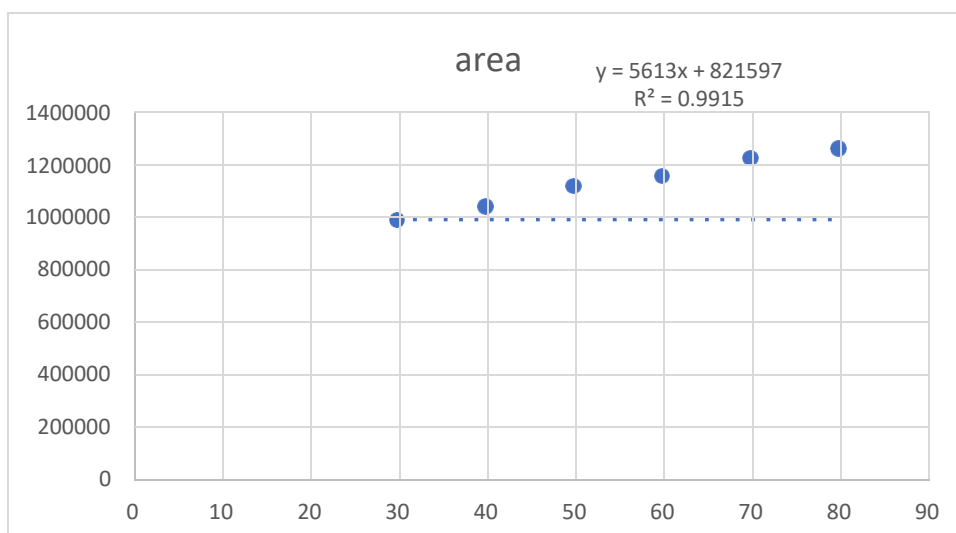


Figure 4: Linearity graph of Rifapentine

Table 2: Linearity data for Rifapentine

Concentration ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)	Peak Area
30	986575
40	1038788
50	1117042
60	1154807
70	1223656
80	1261013

Precision

The precision of the examine was calculated in rapports of intra then inter diurnal dissimilarity in the peak zone for a set of drug solution 40 µg/ml, assessed VI times on the similar diurnal and on dissimilar 2 days. The intra and inter diurnal dissimilarity in the peak proportion of the drug solution was tested in rapports of co-efficient of variation (CV) then attained by multiplying the proportion of the standard deviation to the mean with 100($CV = SD/MEAN \times 100$) publicized in the graph [16].

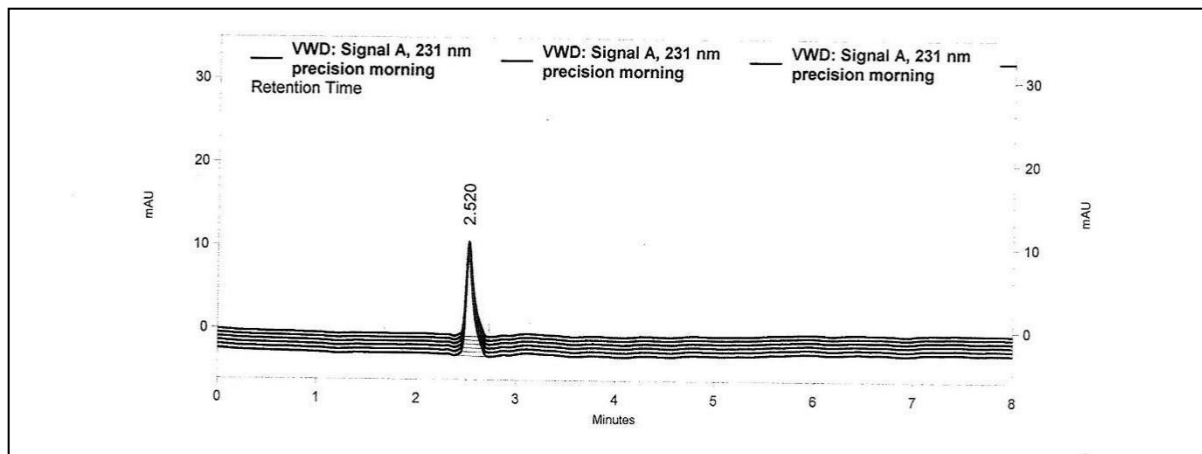


Figure 5: Chromatogram showing intraday precision (At morning)

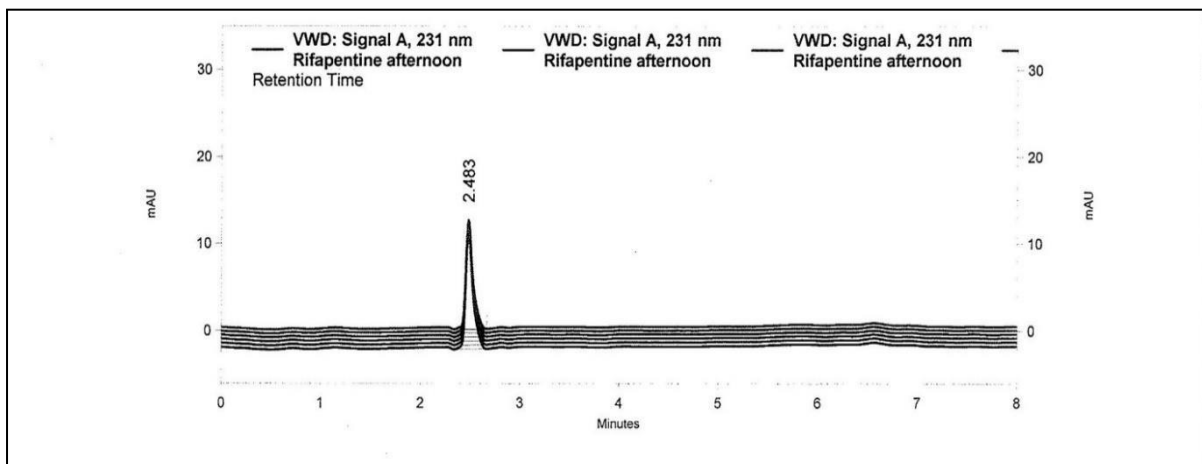


Figure 6: Chromatogram showing intraday precision (At afternoon)

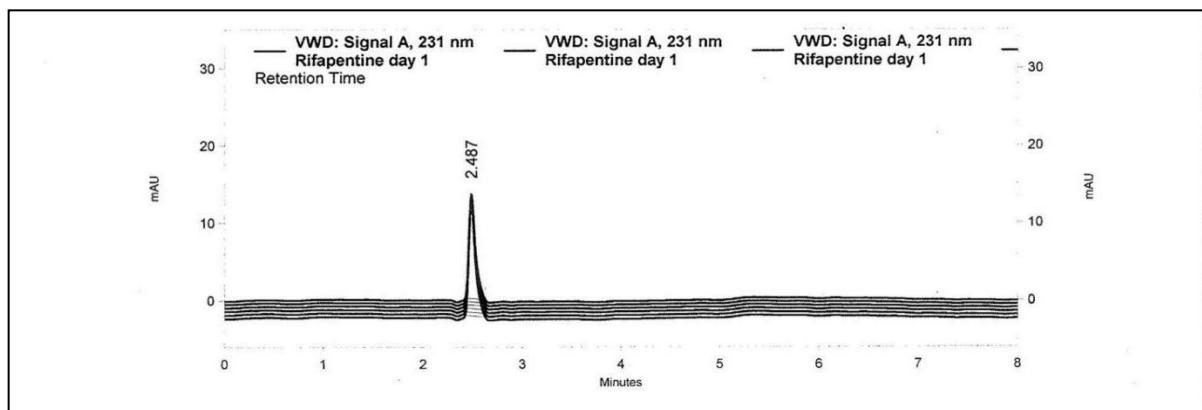


Figure 7: Chromatogram showing interday precision (Day 1)

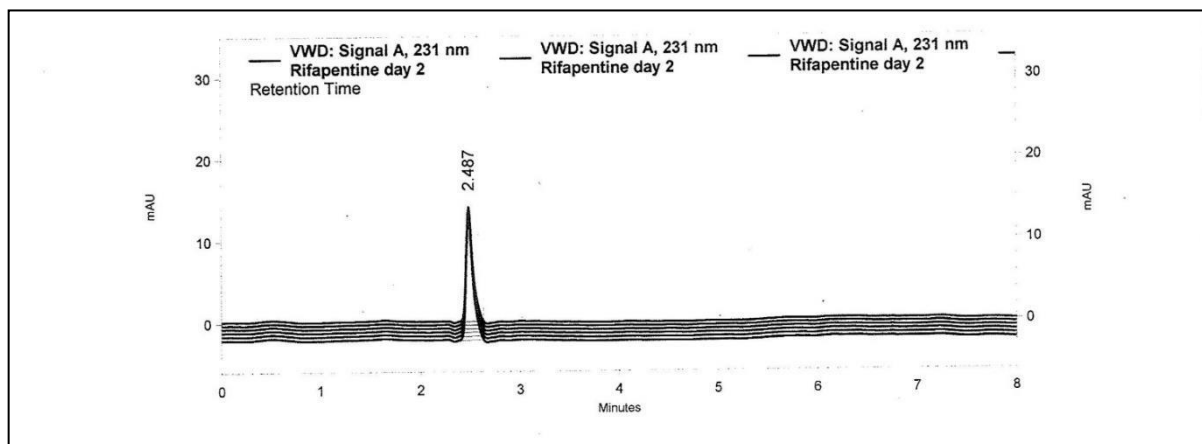


Figure 8: Chromatogram showing interday precision (Day 2)

Table 3: Precision table (Morning, Afternoon, Day 1 and Day 2)

	Morning	Afternoon	Day 1	Day 2
Injection (40 µg/ml) 6 injections	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml
	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml
	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml
	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml
	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml
	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml	40 µg/ml
Area	1074105	1076460	1044669	1047088
	1035055	1059555	1044669	1024647
	1035055	1071291	1082890	1048959
	1035055	1064449	1073521	1074070
	1035345	1068777	1061094	1070987
	1037147	1042542	1045791	1052832
Average	1041960.3	1063845.6	1058772.3	1053097.16
SD	15768.7	11928.8	16558.3	18014.56
RSD (%)	1.51	1.12	1.56	1.71

Accuracy

The accuracy for the guesstimate of Rifapentine using methanol was tested by adding known sum of the analyte. The accuracy was tested from the test fallouts as the % of the analyte recovered by the examine.

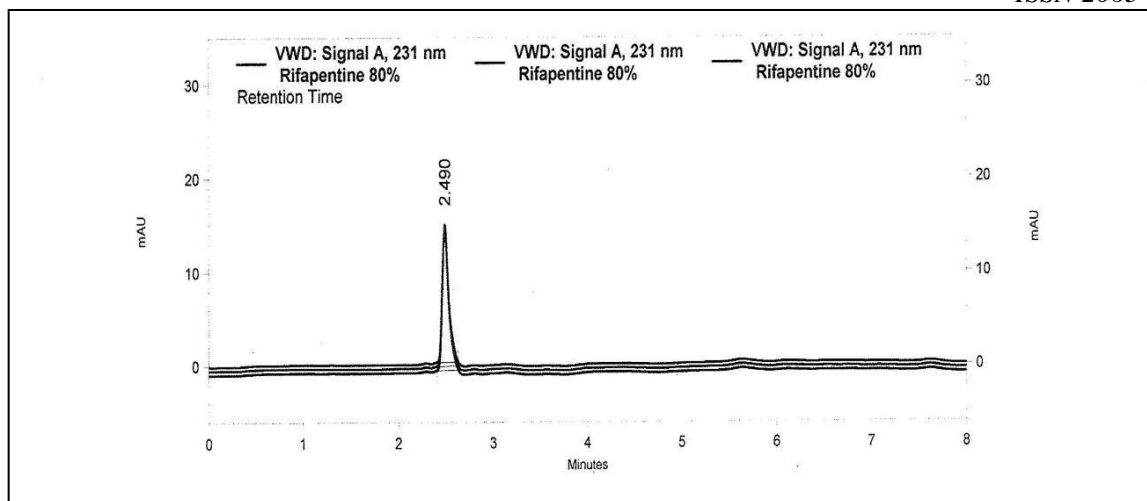


Figure 9: Chromatogram for accuracy 80%

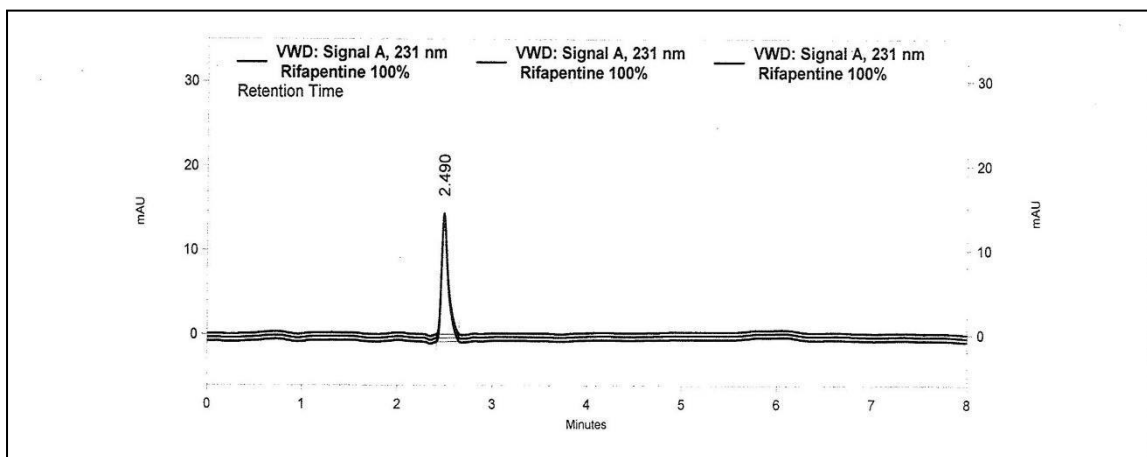


Figure 10: Chromatogram for accuracy 100%

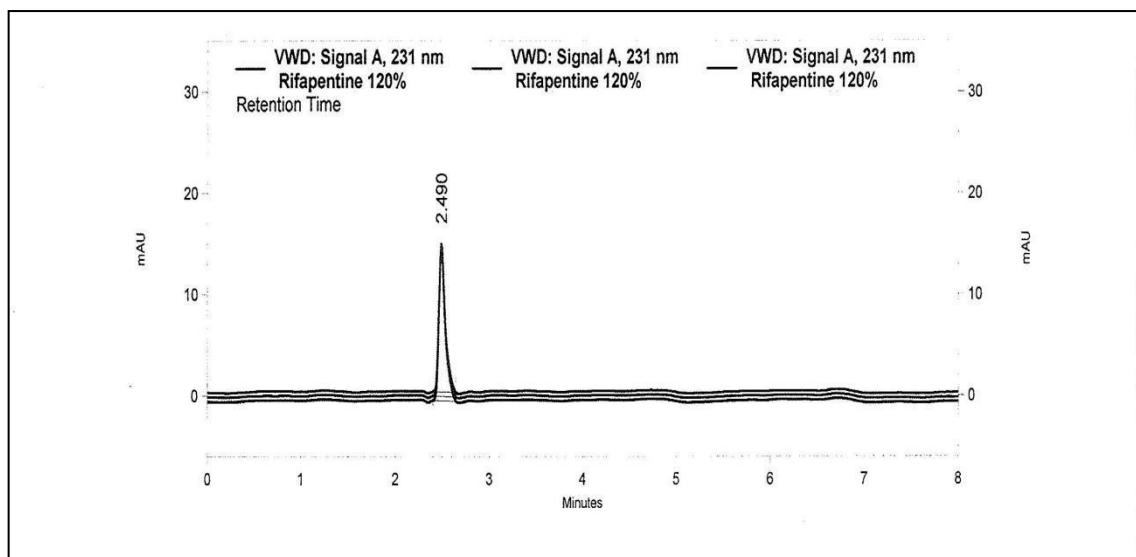


Figure 11: Chromatogram for accuracy 120%

Table 4: Accuracy for Rifapentine

Sl. No	Level of percentage recovery	Amount present (mg/tablet)	Amount of standard drug added	Area response	Mean	SD	RSD (%)	Total amount Recover	% recovery
1	80%	150	40	1096690	1083234	7768.82	0.71	41	102
				1096690					
				1083234					
2	100%	150	50	1164451	1158172	2388.67	0.2	51	102
				1164233					
				1168475					
3	120%	150	60	1167006	1161116.6	5100.31	0.44	60.32	100
				1158172					
				1158172					

Limit of detection (LOD) and Limit of quantification (LOQ)

LOD then LOQ were calculated bestowing to ICH approvals where the tactic is created on the signal-to-noise fraction. Chromatogram gestures attained with identified low concentrations of analytes was equated with the gestures of blank tasters. A signal to noise fraction 3:1 then 10:1 was considered for guesstimating LOD then LOQ separately ^[17].

Table 5: LOD and LOQ for estimation of Rifapentine

Name of drug	LOD µg/ml	LOQ µg/ml
Rifapentine	0.92	3.09

Robustness

The robustness of an analytical trial describes to its aptitude to remain unpretentious by small then deliberate dissimilarity in the chromatographic settings and naked to be unpretentious by small dissimilarity ± 0.1 ml/min in flow frequency of mobile segment, then wavelength ± 1 nm upshot is shown.

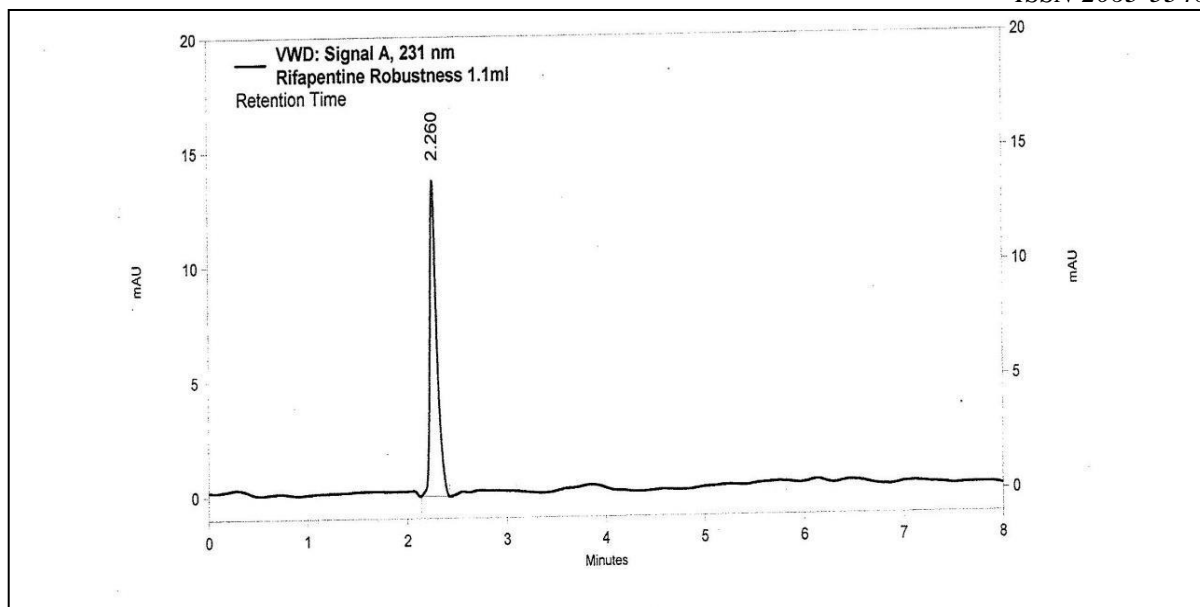


Figure 12: Chromatogram for increased flow rate (1.1 ml/min)

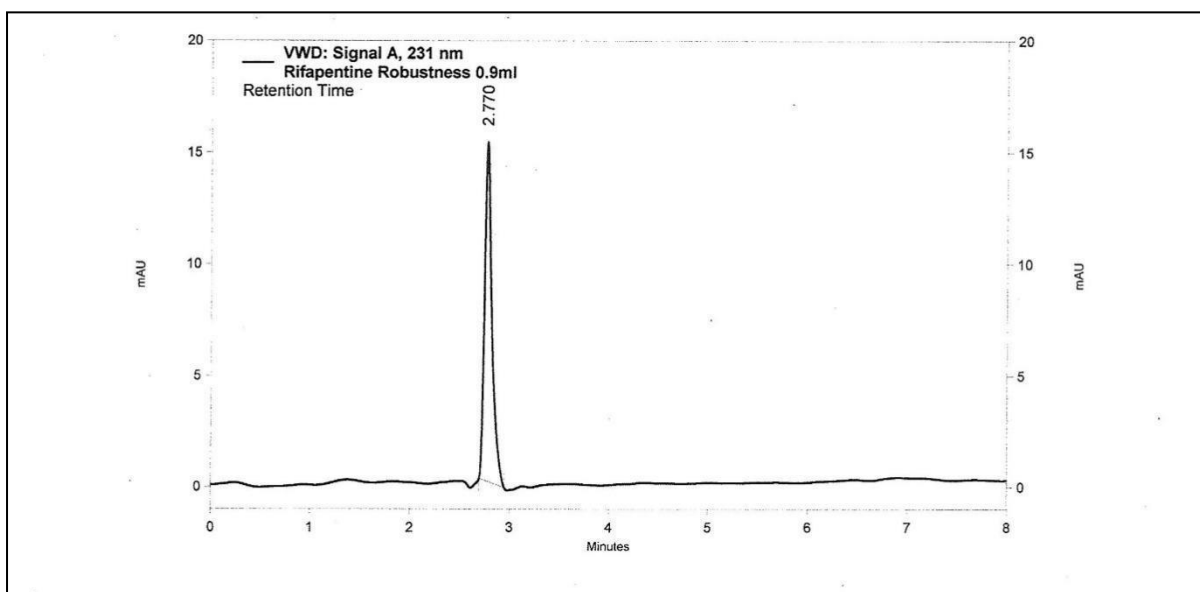


Figure 13: Chromatogram for decreased flow rate (0.9 ml/min.)

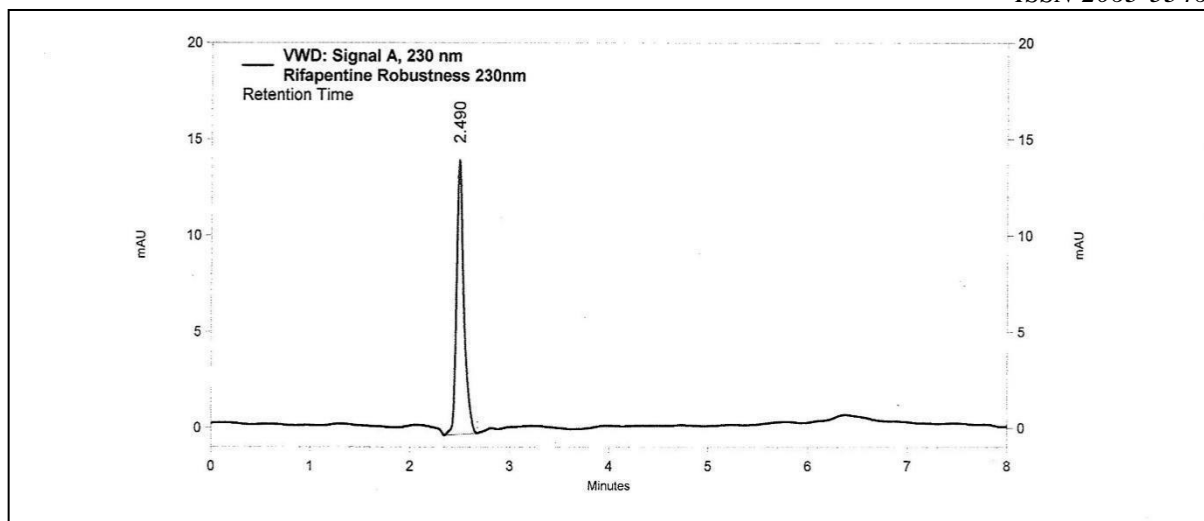


Figure 14: Chromatogram for decreased wavelength (230 nm)

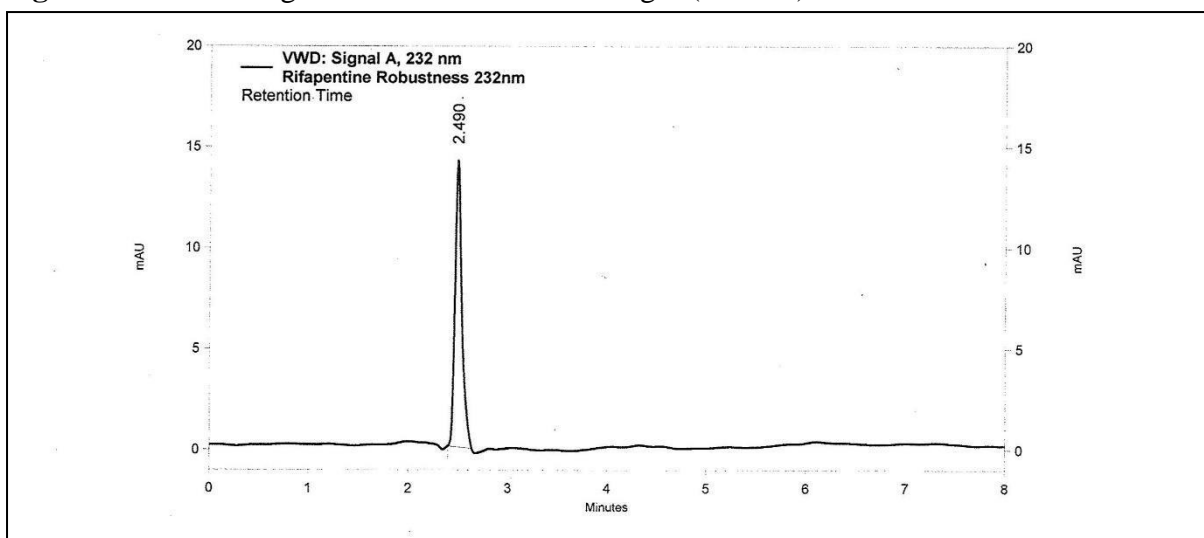


Figure 15: Chromatogram for increased wavelength (232 nm)

Table 6: Robustness of Rifapentine

Sl. No.	Parameter	Optimized	Used	Retention Time (Minute)
1	Flow frequency	1 ml/min	0.9 ml/min	2.77
			1.1 ml/min	2.26
2	Detection wavelength	231 nm	230 nm	2.49
			232 nm	2.49

DISCUSSION

The system fittingness test was pragmatic to the chromatograms taken under optimal settings to check various constraints for illustration theoretical plates (6127), capacity aspect (0.00134), asymmetry (1.56645) then signals to noise fraction (129.3278).

Apt tests fallouts were accomplished for the projected method. All these fallouts point to the fittingness of the apparatus for the advanced system.

For learning of precision VI imitates of the standard solution was given a shot into the HPLC arrangement in inter diurnal then intra-diurnal intervals. The %RSD values of diurnal one then diurnal two for inter diurnal intervals were detected to be 1.56% then 1.71% respectively. While the %RSD values of morning and afternoon segments for intraday breaks were detected to be 1.51% then 1.12% singly. Therefore, the %RSD values for precision revisions are within the recognized restrictions if 2%.

Linearity was accomplished via standard solutions in the concentration series of 30-80 µg/ml. Calibration curvature was erected for the standards by intrigue the concentrations versus peak zones then gauged by linear regression investigation. The correlation coefficient (R^2) was detected to be 0.9915, which is within the acknowledged restrictions. Accuracy was executed by spiking a pre-enumerated sample with standard at 80%, 100% then 120%. The solutions were organized in triplicates then analyzed through the advanced system. The mean recovery values of attained for the troika trials were 102%, 102% then 100% separately, which directs that there is a tremendously less nosiness coming from matrix apparatuses. For robustness a change of ± 0.1 ml/min in the augmented flow frequency of 1 ml/min of the system was done, consequential in the change of retention time from 2.49 minutes to 2.77 minutes then 2.260 minutes singly for each deliberate modification in flow frequency. Similarly, a change of ± 1 nm in the adjusted detection wavelength of 231 nm of the method was done, consequential in the change of retention time from 2.49 minutes to 2.49 minutes then 2.49 minutes separately for each deliberate change. Considering the accepted limits for signal to noise fraction of 3:1 and 10:1 for calculating LOD besides LOQ respectively, the LOD besides LOQ of the method was detected to be 0.92 µg/ml and 3.09 µg/ml individually ^[18].

CONCLUSION

In addition to positive necessities for analytical systems, the striking advantage of all the advanced system is that they are economical, low-priced, and then precise. The proposed RP-HPLC system was suitable practice for the determination of Rifapentine. All the constraints analyzing Rifapentine met the norms of ICH strategies for method authentication. In the present inquiry, we have advanced a modest, delicate, accurate and precise RP-HPLC system for the quantitative guesstimate of Rifapentine in substance and pharmaceutical constructions. The recoveries accomplished were detected well by the system. The HPLC system is more delicate, precise, then accurate equated to the spectrophotometric systems. The HPLC system advanced may be indorsed for the repetitive determination of Rifapentine in pharmaceutical constructions and in substance preparation.

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Conflict of Interest

None

Funding

None

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