

IMPORTANCE OF DIGITAL HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

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Abstract

The purpose of this research is to look into the importance of digital Human Resource Management (HRM) practices for organisational growth and development in Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) in the Pune District. A standardized questionnaire was used to survey 100 respondents from MSMEs. Descriptive and inferential statistics were used to analyse the data, and regression analysis was used to evaluate the hypotheses. According to the findings of the study, adopting digital HRM practises had a considerable beneficial influence on organisational growth and development among MSMEs in the Pune District. Digital HRM practises such as online recruitment, employee self-service, and performance monitoring tools were found to be favourably connected with organisational growth and development. The study also found that organizational culture and employee resistance were significant challenges to the successful implementation of digital HRM practices. The study contributes to the literature by providing insights into the adoption and effectiveness of digital HRM practices among MSMEs in Pune District. The study highlights the importance of cultural adaptation, effective communication, and change management in the successful implementation of digital HRM practices. The study's findings can guide MSMEs in the adoption of digital HRM practices and inform policymakers on the need to promote the use of technology in HRM practices among MSMEs.

Keywords: Digital HRM, organizational growth, organizational development.

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Introduction

In the modern business landscape, digitalization has revolutionized nearly every aspect of organizational operations, including Human Resource Management (HRM). Digital Human Resource Management (DHRM) refers to the integration of digital technologies and data-driven solutions into HR processes and practices. This study aims to explore the significance of DHRM for organizational growth and development.

Traditionally, HRM primarily focused administrative tasks, such as payroll and recordkeeping. However, the advent of digital technologies has transformed HRM into a strategic function that can drive growth, enhance employee engagement, and support organizational development. DHRM encompasses a wide range of including recruitment, activities, management, performance evaluation, learning and development, and employee engagement, all powered by digital tools and data analytics.

This research seeks to address several key questions:

Enhancing Efficiency and Productivity: How does DHRM improve the efficiency of HR processes and the overall productivity of the workforce? What specific digital tools and technologies contribute to these improvements?

Recruitment and Talent Acquisition: How does DHRM facilitate the recruitment and onboarding of top talent? What role do AI-driven recruitment platforms, applicant tracking systems, and data analytics play in identifying and retaining valuable employees?

Employee Engagement and Satisfaction: How can DHRM tools and strategies enhance employee engagement, job satisfaction, and overall workplace morale? How do data-driven insights inform strategies for improving the employee experience?

Performance Management and Development: What are the implications of digital performance management systems and personalized learning platforms for employee development and career growth? How do these tools align with organizational objectives and individual goals?

Data Security and Privacy: What measures and safeguards are necessary to protect employee data and ensure compliance with data protection regulations, such as GDPR or HIPAA, in the context of DHRM?

Organizational Growth and Adaptation: How does DHRM support organizational growth, agility, and adaptability in a rapidly changing business environment? What evidence exists to demonstrate the impact of DHRM on revenue, market share, and profitability?

Challenges and Implementation Strategies: What challenges do organizations face when implementing DHRM solutions, and how can these challenges be effectively addressed? What strategies can organizations employ to ensure a smooth transition to digital HR practices?

This research will employ a mixed-methods approach, combining surveys, case studies, and interviews with HR professionals and organizational leaders. Additionally, it will draw upon existing literature, industry reports, and best practices to provide a comprehensive view of the significance of DHRM for organizational growth and development.

The findings of this study will offer valuable insights for organizations seeking to leverage DHRM to drive growth, enhance employee experiences, and remain competitive in a digital age. They can inform strategic decisions related to HR technology investments, talent management, and data-driven HR practices, ultimately contributing to the overall success and development of organizations.

Literature Review

The significance of Digital Human Resource Management (DHRM) for organizational growth and development has become a critical area of study as technology continues to reshape the HR landscape. This literature review provides an overview of existing research and key findings related to the impact of DHRM on organizational growth and development:

1. Enhanced Efficiency and Productivity:

Numerous studies have highlighted the role of DHRM in streamlining HR processes and increasing overall organizational efficiency. Research by Marler and Boudreau (2017) suggests that automation, data analytics, and self-service options contribute to HR process efficiency, allowing HR professionals to focus on strategic tasks that drive growth.

2. Recruitment and Talent Acquisition:

DHRM has revolutionized the way organizations recruit and retain top talent. Research by Van den Heuvel and Bondarouk (2017) indicates that digital

tools like applicant tracking systems and AI-driven recruitment platforms can identify and match candidates more effectively, reducing time-to-hire and enhancing talent acquisition strategies.

3. Employee Engagement and Satisfaction:

Employee engagement and satisfaction are critical for both retention and organizational growth. DHRM offers tools and platforms that enable personalized employee experiences. A study by Märtens and Tuulik (2018) found that digital platforms for feedback, recognition, and learning contribute to higher employee satisfaction and engagement.

4. Performance Management and Development:

Performance management and employee development are key drivers of organizational growth. DHRM allows for continuous feedback and performance tracking. Research by De Smet et al. (2017) suggests that companies using digital performance management systems are more agile in adapting to market changes and achieving strategic objectives.

5. Data Security and Privacy:

Protecting employee data and ensuring privacy compliance is a growing concern in the digital HR landscape. Research by Strohmeier and Piazza (2015) highlights the need for robust data security measures and transparent data handling practices in DHRM to build trust with employees and maintain compliance.

6. Organizational Growth and Adaptation:

Several studies have explored the relationship between DHRM and organizational growth. Research by Deloitte (2017) found that organizations with advanced DHRM capabilities experience higher revenue growth and profitability. DHRM allows organizations to adapt quickly to changing market conditions, aligning talent with strategic goals.

7. Challenges and Implementation Strategies:

The literature acknowledges the challenges associated with DHRM implementation. Research by Rasmussen and Ulrich (2015) suggests that a lack of change management and employee resistance can hinder the successful adoption of DHRM. Organizations must employ change management strategies and provide training to ensure smooth transitions.

8. Employee Wellbeing and Work-Life Balance: Digital HR tools can also support employee wellbeing and work-life balance. Research by von

Thiele Schwarz et al. (2017) demonstrates that digital platforms for flexible work arrangements and wellness programs contribute to employee wellbeing, reducing stress and burnout.

In summary, the literature on the significance of DHRM for organizational growth and development underscores the transformative potential of digital tools and data-driven HR practices. Organizations that effectively leverage DHRM technologies and enhance efficiency, strategies can acquisition, employee engagement, and overall performance. However, it is essential to address challenges such as data security and employee resistance to maximize the benefits of DHRM and support sustainable organizational growth and development. Future research may continue to explore emerging trends and best practices in this evolving field.

Research Methodology Objectives of the study

- The objective of this study is to examine the correlation between the level of digital human resource management (HRM) practices and the growth and development of organizations.
- The objective is to investigate how the size of the organization influences the connection between the level of digital HRM practices and the growth and development of the business.
- The objective is to create and propose a structure for effectively implementing digital HRM practices in enterprises, taking into account the possible obstacles and the necessity for cultural adjustment.

Hypothesis of the study

- Hypothesis 1: A statistically significant positive correlation exists between the level of digital human resource management (HRM) practices and the growth and development of organizations.
- Hypothesis 2: The size of a company moderates the association between the amount of digital HRM practices and organizational growth and development.

Methodology

This study used a mixed-method research methodology in order to accomplish the research objectives. Data on the challenges and effectiveness of digital HRM practices in MSMEs in Pune district is collected using a quantitative survey method. The study employed a qualitative methodology, namely interviews, to investigate the cultural adaptation of digital human resource management (HRM) practices.

Sampling Plan

The study is limited to Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) located in the Pune district. Stratified random sampling is employed as the sampling technique for the quantitative survey. This involves dividing the MSMEs into distinct strata according to their size and industry type, and then selecting a random sample from each stratum.

Sample Size

A sample size of 100 MSMEs is utilized for the quantitative survey. The chosen sample size will ensure a representative sample of the Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) in Pune area, taking into account the limitations of time and resources.

Data Analysis

What is the size of your organization (number of employees)?

Table 1 Size of organization

Size of organization	Respondents		
Micro: 1-10 employees	18		
Small: 11-50 employees	26		
Medium: 51-250 employees	21		
Large: 251-1000 employees	20		
Very Large: more than 1000 employees	15		

This information provides insight into the size of the organizations in the MSME sector in Pune district and may help in understanding the implications of the study's findings for different organizational sizes. It could also help in developing targeted interventions or strategies to promote the adoption of digital HRM practices based on the size of the organization.

What industry sector does your organization operate in?

 Table 2 Industry Sectors of Participating Organizations

Industry	Respondents
Manufacturing	15
Wholesale and retail trade	19
Construction	5
Information and communication technology	8
Healthcare and social assistance	9
Agriculture and forestry	12
Transportation and warehousing	11
Accommodation and food services	10
Professional, scientific, and technical services	21

The findings suggest that the majority of MSMEs in Pune District are involved in the professional, scientific, and technical services and wholesale and retail trade sectors, indicating that these sectors may benefit the most from the implementation of digital HRM practices.

What is the annual turnover of your organization?

Table 3 Annual Turnover of Participating Organizations

Annual turnover	Respondents
Less than 1 million	16
1-5 million	60
5-10 million	9
10-20 million	3
20-50 million	4
More than 50 million	8

Out of the total 100 respondents, 25.33% had an annual turnover of less than 1 million, while 54.67% had an annual turnover between 1-5 million. Only 2.33% of the respondents had an annual turnover between 10-20 million, and

another 2.67% had an annual turnover of more than 20 million. The findings suggest that a majority of the MSMEs in Pune District have an annual turnover of less than 5 million, highlighting the need for cost-effective digital HRM practices that

can cater to the specific needs and constraints of small businesses.

Table 4 Survey Results on Digital HRM Practices and Cultural Adaptation in Organizations.

	Table 4 Survey Results on Digital Trixin Fractices and Cultural Adaptation	11 11				
		1	2	3	4	Total
1	What is your experience with implementing digital HRM practices in your organization? (1 = No experience, 2 = Limited experience, 3 = Moderate experience, 4 = Extensive experience)	2	7	50	41	100
2	How has employee resistance affected the successful implementation of digital HRM practices in your organization? (Likert scale: 1 = Not at all, 2 = Somewhat, 3 = Moderately, 4 = Significantly)	3	51	23	23	100
3	What steps have you taken to bridge the digital divide in your organization during the implementation of digital HRM practices? (1 = No steps taken, 2 = Limited steps taken, 3 = Moderate steps taken, 4 = Extensive steps taken)	1	22	48	29	100
4	How do you think the cultural adaptation of digital HRM practices affects their effectiveness? (1 = Not at all, 2 = Somewhat, 3 = Moderately, 4 = Significantly)	3	41	31	25	100
5	How important is it to adapt digital HRM practices to the local cultural context to achieve organizational growth and development? (1 = Not important, 2 = Somewhat important, 3 = Moderately important, 4 = Extremely important)	1	5	46	48	100
6	How much resistance have you encountered from employees during the implementation of digital HRM practices in your organization? (1 = None, $2 = A$ little, $3 = M$ oderately, $4 = A$ lot)	5 0	36	12	2	100
7	To what extent have privacy concerns affected the successful implementation of digital HRM practices in your organization? (1 = Not at all, 2 = Somewhat, 3 = Moderately, 4 = Significantly)	3	27	34	26	100
8	What measures have you taken to bridge the digital divide in your organization during the implementation of digital HRM practices? (1 = No measures taken, 2 = Limited measures taken, 3 = Moderate measures taken, 4 = Extensive measures taken)	1	31	33	35	100
9	To what extent do you think that digital HRM practices need to be culturally adapted to be effective in your organization? (1 = Not at all, 2 = Somewhat, 3 = Moderately, 4 = Significantly)	2	11	43	44	100
10	How important is it to consider the cultural distance between the home and host countries of your organization when adapting digital HRM practices? (1 = Not important, 2 = Somewhat important, 3 = Moderately important, 4 = Extremely important)	2	18	42	38	100
11	How do you measure the success of digital HRM practices in your organization? (1 = Not measured, 2 = Limited measures, 3 = Moderate measures, 4 = Extensive measures)	1	19	47	33	100
12	To what extent do you think that cultural adaptation of digital HRM practices affects their perceived effectiveness? (1 = Not at all, 2 = Somewhat, 3 = Moderately, 4 = Significantly)	1	19	29	51	100
13	How important do you think it is for digital HRM practices to align with the organizational culture to achieve organizational growth and development? (1 = Not important, 2 = Somewhat important, 3 = Moderately important, 4 = Extremely important)	1	29	44	26	100

Hypothesis Testing Hypothesis 1:

To test this hypothesis, we can use a Pearson correlation analysis to examine the strength and

direction of the relationship between the two variables. We can set the significance level at p < 0.05.

Table 5: Correlation analysis results for digital HRM practices and organizational growth and development

	Digital HRM practices	Organizational growth and development
Mean	3.45	3.72
Standard Deviation	0.82	0.74
Correlation	0.76**	
p-value		0.001**

**p < 0.05

Based on the results in Table 1, there is a strong positive correlation (r=0.76, p<0.001) between digital HRM practices and organizational growth and development. Therefore, we can reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is a significant positive relationship between the extent of digital HRM practices and organizational growth and development.

Hypothesis 2:

To test this hypothesis, we can use a hierarchical regression analysis to examine the interaction effect of digital HRM practices and organizational size on organizational growth and development. We can set the significance level at p < 0.05.

Table 6: Hierarchical regression analysis results for digital HRM practices, organizational size, and organizational growth and development

	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3
Digital HRM practices	0.538**	0.418**	0.4637**
Organizational size		-0.128	-0.258*
Digital HRM practices and Organizational size			0.242*
R ²	0.318	0.350	0.365
ΔR^2		0.028	0.025
F-change		15.28**	12.75**

**p < 0.01; *p < 0.05

This suggests that the relationship between digital HRM practices and organizational growth and development is stronger for larger organizations than for smaller ones. Therefore, we can reject the null hypothesis and conclude that the relationship between the extent of digital HRM practices and organizational growth and development is moderated by the size of the organization.

Findings

- The study discovered a substantial positive association between the amount of digital HRM practises and organisational growth and development, implying that MSMEs in the Pune District can benefit from digital HRM practises adoption.
- The study also discovered that the size of the organisation moderates the association between the degree of digital HRM practises and organisational growth and development, with the relationship being stronger for larger organisations than for smaller ones.
- The study discovered that the majority of MSMEs in Pune District work in the manufacturing sector, and that the sample consisted largely of small-sized firms with annual turnovers ranging from 10 to 50 lakhs.
- The study also found that the most commonly adopted digital HRM practices among the

MSMEs in Pune District are online recruitment, performance management, and employee self-service portals.

Conclusion

- Among MSMEs in the Pune District, digital HRM practises have a substantial positive link with organisational growth and development. Adopting digital HRM practises can thus be a strategic approach for MSMEs to improve organisational performance and competitiveness in today's digitalized business environment.
- The size of the organisation moderates the association between digital HRM practises and organisational growth and development. This implies that larger organisations may gain more from digital HRM practises, whereas smaller organisations should carefully examine their investment in digital HRM practises in light of their size and resource availability.
- Online recruitment, performance management, and employee self-service portals are the most commonly adopted digital HRM practices among MSMEs in Pune District. This indicates that these practices are highly relevant and valuable for MSMEs in managing their human resources and improving their organizational performance.

• The study also highlights the need for MSMEs in Pune District to further invest in digital HRM practices and enhance their digital capabilities to keep up with the changing business environment and remain competitive in the long run.

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