



STOCK MARKET PREDICTION USING LINEAR REGRESSION ALGORITHM BY COMPARING WITH ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK ALGORITHM TO IMPROVE ACCURACY

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Article History: Received: 12.12.2022

Revised: 29.01.2023

Accepted: 15.03.2023

Abstract

Aim: The main aim of this research study is to get the error free and accurate stock prices using novel approaches of linear regression and comparing it with Artificial neural networks.

Materials and Methods: In this research study Linear regression algorithm is being compared with Artificial neural network algorithm for estimating Stock market values and error free values, which helps the users for availing the profits by estimating the previous sales by analyzing it through defining the set of modules. Sample size is determined by using the G power calculator and found to be 158 per group. Total of 2 groups are used.

Results: Based on the analysis done Linear regression algorithm method has an accuracy of 85% and Artificial neural network has 73% and the significance value achieved is 1.000 ($p > 0.05$). It shows that two groups are statistically insignificant.

Conclusion: In this research study, the proposed Linear regression algorithm has shown the highly predicted values when compared to the Artificial neural network.

Keywords: Novel approach, Linear Regression, Artificial neural network, Accuracy, analysis, Stock Market

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1. Introduction

Stock market prediction has been one of the trendiest and fast-growing businesses in the present world. The main objective of the research study is to provide future accurate prices of stocks for a definite period of time (Syed 2021). Errors in the predicted prices lead to the loss in the investments of the investors which makes them lose their financial income. Dataset is the novel approach prerequisite required in predicting the stock market values (Alfonso et al. 2021). Data mining and machine learning techniques are the most used techniques for analyzing the stock prices which provide the accurate values (Shaikh and Shinde, n.d.). Data mining techniques consist of various models such as linear regression model, KNN model, ANN model, and apriori algorithm (Upadhyay et al. 2016).

Stock market predictions using linear regression are implemented for prediction to benefit stock investors: nearly 150 in IEEE explorer and 240 in Google scholar (Erb, n.d.). The articles that are mostly cited based on the most viewed are one of them depending on the study of stock market prediction. The current trend of fast growing business mainly consists of the stock market (Vohra and Tanna 2021). The previous research studies state that analyzing stock prices is a financially risky and a challenging task as this deals with the financial data and financial markets (Poitras, n.d.). Machine learning and data mining techniques are mainly suitable for forecasting the data such as stock market prediction and weather forecasting using the novel approaches (Nayak, Pai, and Pai 2016). Our team has extensive knowledge and research experience that has translated into high quality publications (Pandiyan et al. 2022; Yaashikaa, Devi, and Kumar 2022; Venu et al. 2022; Kumar et al. 2022; Nagaraju et al. 2022; Karpagam et al. 2022; Baraneedharan et al. 2022; Whangchai et al. 2022; Nagarajan et al. 2022; Deena et al. 2022).

The limitations of stock investors is to improve the efficiency of the outcome of the predicted values of stock market prices. In this research it is observed that Linear Regression has brought out the outcome of more accuracy than Artificial neural network algorithm (Jain, Arya, and Singh 2020). The main aim of research is to predict the efficient prices of stock using Linear regression model for better outcomes using different novel approaches (Wang and Guo 2020).

2. Materials and Methods

The research work is carried out in DBMS Laboratory, Department of Computer Science

Engineering, Saveetha School of Engineering. In this study 2 sample groups were taken. The group 1 was Linear Regression model and group 2 was Artificial neural network algorithm. Sample size is calculated using Gpower software considering the pretest power to be 80% and CI of 80% (Matloff 2017). The work has been carried out with 3500 records which were taken from a kaggle data set. The accuracy in predicting loyalties was initiated by two different groups. Totally 10 iterations were analyzed and performed on each group to accomplish maximum accuracy. Dataset contains 3000 instances and 7 attributes named Date, High, Low, Close, Open, Volume, OpenInt. Here data is from kaggle website (Kaggle: Your Machine Learning and Data Science Community).

Linear regression model is one of the primary techniques that is used for forecasting the stock market prices. In this regression model dataset acts as the prerequisite for price prediction. Based on the explanatory variables linear regression is mainly classified into two types, such as simple linear regression and multiple linear regression. Linear regression model uses two different types such as Independent variables and Dependent variables named as x and y respectively (Wu et al. 2020). The equation is represented as $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$. β_0 and β_1 are the coefficients used for the variables. Artificial neural networks can be defined as one of the intelligent models in data mining techniques which can be used for predicting the stock market prediction. This Artificial neural networks includes a set of threshold functions. These functions are trained on the historical data and after connecting each other with adaptive weights, they are used to make future predictions (Bosco and Khan 2018).

The tool used to execute the program is Google colab and the databases are directly imported when the commands are instructed in the command prompt. Algorithm is implemented in the python code and the accuracy is obtained based on the dataset.

Linear Regression (LR) Algorithm

In Deep learning algorithms Linear Regression is based on the model of the relationship between two variables by fitting a linear equation to observe data, when one variable is considered to be an exploratory variable.

Pseudo Code

Input: Training Data

Output: Accuracy

Begin

For all the existing data

Read and Load the data set.

Extract Data features of a sound file imported.

```
Add the technical indicators.
Initialize the LR classifier.
Train the classifier
Predict the test set
Return the Accuracy
End for
```

Artificial Neural Network (ANN) Algorithm:

Neural networks consist of a set of algorithms that certify the underlying relationships between the similar data. This algorithm is derived based on the human neural network. These include a set of threshold functions that are used for predicting the future stock prices.

Pseudo Code

Input: Training Data

Output: Accuracy

Begin

```
For all the existing data
Read and Load the data set.
Extract Data features of a sound file imported.
Add the technical indicators.
Initialize the ANN classifier.
Train the classifier
Predict the test set
```

Return the Accuracy

End for

Statistical Analysis

The analysis of stock price prediction was done using IBM SPSS software. Independent sample t test is carried out for analysis. Independent variables are dataset and dependent variable is accuracy (Ho 2017).

3. Results

The Artificial neural networks algorithm shows that databases are the abstract for determining the accurate predictions. Table 1 represents the prediction of the stock prices using Linear regression method.

In Table 2, The results achieved with $p=1.000$ ($p>0.05$) shows that two groups are statistically insignificant. Table 2 represents the group statistics analysis which include the total no. of. Values, mean, standard deviation, standard error mean. Linear regression method and SVM algorithm has an accuracy of 85% and 73% respectively. Standard error mean for ANN method is 1.035 less than Linear regression method.

Fig 1 represents the graph that explains the comparison of the accuracy value with the algorithm Linear regression method and Artificial neural networks algorithm, where the accuracy of Linear regression method is 85% and the accuracy value of the Artificial neural networks algorithm is 73%.

4. Discussion

The data evolution was performed using IBM SPSS version 21. To analyze the data, Independent sample T-test and group statistics can be carried out. In this research study using the novel approaches it is proved that the linear regression method has got the more accurate values than the Support vector Machine algorithm (Anand 2021).

Linear regression is a method which has lower time complexity when compared to other regression and classification methods (Bocklitz 2019). This method takes less time for compiling to get the accurate values (Shah, Campbell, and Zulkernine 2018). Linear regression performs exceptionally well for linearly separable data. This method is easier to implement, interpret and efficient to train. Whereas ANN model is a costly expensive model (Somers, Somers, and Bhattacharya 2016). ANN model works slow when it works on large datasets. In ANN model the duration of network is unknown. The accuracy of output depends on the quality of the data (Damrongsakmethee and Neagoe 2020).

The limitations of the investors are the accurate stock price prediction and less efficiency. The main aim of the study is to provide accurate stock price prediction using linear regression method (Selvin et al. 2017). There are various applications and novel approaches where linear regression can be used such as predicting weather, forecasting results, academic reports (Selvin et al. 2017; Biswas et al. 2021).

5. Conclusion

In the proposed model using the novel approaches, the accuracy percentage of predicting the stock market prices using linear regression model is 85%, whereas in the comparison model the Support vector machine algorithm has got the accuracy of 73% only.

Declarations

Conflict of Interests

No conflict of interest in this manuscript.

Authors Contribution

Author MKP was involved in data collection, data analysis, and manuscript writing. Author SAK was involved in the action process. Data verification and validation and Criteria review of manuscript.

Acknowledgement

The authors would like to express their gratitude towards Saveetha School of Engineering, Saveetha Institute of Medical And Technical Sciences

(Formerly known as Saveetha University) for providing the necessary infrastructure to carry out this work successfully.

Funding

We thank the following organizations for providing financial support that enabled us to complete the study.

1. Oracle Tech Solutions Pvt.Ltd
2. Saveetha University
3. Saveetha Institute of Medical and Technical Sciences
4. Saveetha School of Engineering

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TABLES AND FIGURES

Table 1. Group Statistics results (Mean of Linear Regression is 85 which is greater when compared to ANN Algorithm is 73 and Standard error mean for Linear Regression is 1.265 and ANN algorithm is 1.159)

	Algorithms	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
Accuracy	Linear Regression	20	85	3.239	1.024
	ANN Algorithm	20	73	3.273	1.035

Table 2. The results achieved with $p=1.000$ ($p>0.05$) shows that two groups are statistically insignificant. The below table shows the results of independent variables of two algorithms with the comparison of accuracy and T-test for Equality of Mean.

		Levene's test for equality of variables		T-test for Equality of Mean						
	Equal variance assumed	F	Sig	t	df	Sig(2-tailed)	Mean difference	Std.Error difference	95% confidence interval of the difference	
									Lower	Upper
Accuracy	Equal variance assumed	.000	1.000	8.379	18	0.000	12.200	1.456	9.141	15.259

	Equal variances not assumed			8.379	17.998	0.000	12.200	1.456	9.141	15.259
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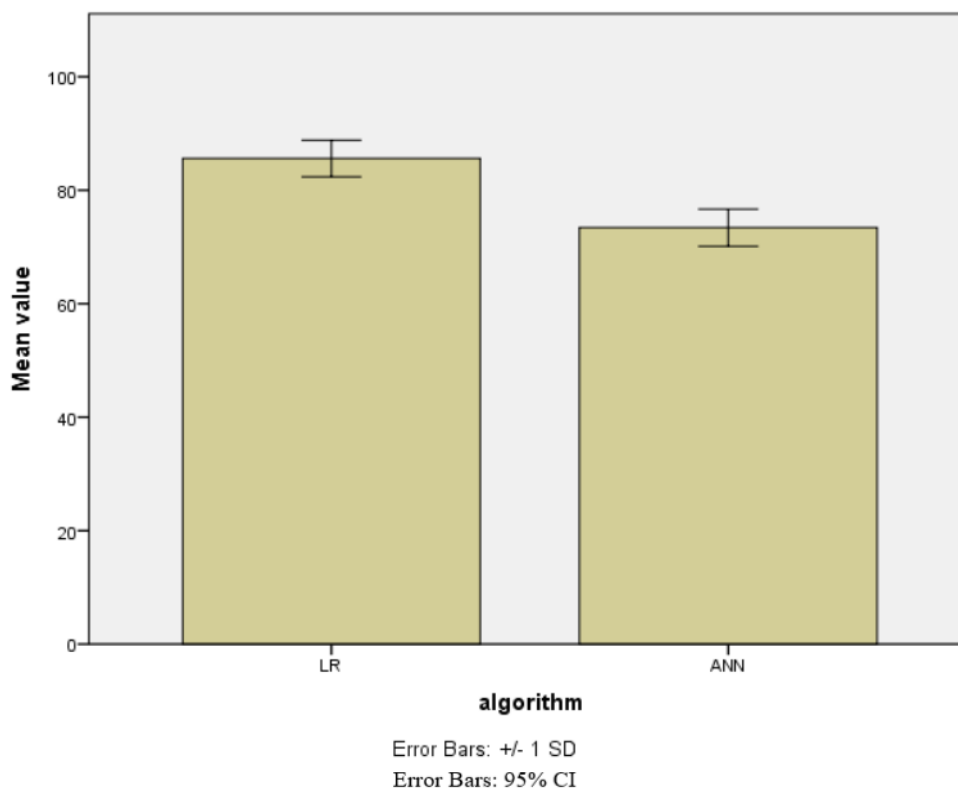


Fig. 1. Bar Chart representing the comparison of Mean Accuracy of Linear Regression and ANN Algorithm. Mean accuracy of Linear Regression is 85% appears to be better than ANN Algorithm which is 73%. The X-axis represents Linear Regression and ANN Algorithm and the Y-axis represents the mean accuracy \pm 1 SD.